

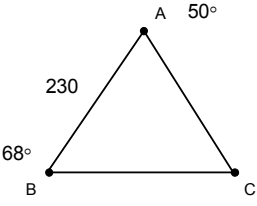
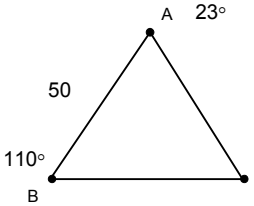
Answer Key 14

6.5: 3, 4, 5, 10, 13, 14, 19, 20

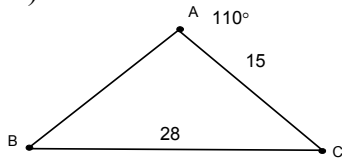
6.6: 3, 4, 5, 11, 13, 14, 15, 25

7.1: 13-18, 37, 39, 42, 50, 64

6.5

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| <p>3)</p> $\angle C = 180^\circ - (98.4^\circ + 24.6^\circ) = 57^\circ$ $\frac{\sin 57^\circ}{x} = \frac{\sin 98.6^\circ}{376}$ $x = 376 \frac{\sin 57^\circ}{\sin 98.6^\circ} \approx 318.92$   | <p>4)</p> $\angle C = 180^\circ - (37.5^\circ + 28.1^\circ) = 114.4^\circ$ $\frac{\sin 114.4^\circ}{x} = \frac{\sin 37.5^\circ}{17}$ $x = 17 \frac{\sin 114.4^\circ}{\sin 37.5^\circ} \approx 25.43$  |
| <p>5)</p> $\angle C = 180^\circ - (52^\circ + 70^\circ) = 58^\circ$ $\frac{\sin 58^\circ}{26.7} = \frac{\sin 52^\circ}{x}$ $x = 26.7 \frac{\sin 52^\circ}{\sin 58^\circ} \approx 24.81$  | <p>10)</p> $\angle B = 180^\circ - (100^\circ + 30^\circ) = 50^\circ$ $\frac{\sin 50^\circ}{2} = \frac{\sin 30^\circ}{BC} = \frac{\sin 100^\circ}{AB}$ $BC = 2 \frac{\sin 30^\circ}{\sin 50^\circ} \approx 1.305$ $AB = 2 \frac{\sin 100^\circ}{\sin 50^\circ} \approx 2.571$   |
| <p>13)</p>  <p><math>\angle C = 180^\circ - (50^\circ + 68^\circ) = 62^\circ</math></p> $\frac{\sin 62^\circ}{230} = \frac{\sin 68^\circ}{AC} = \frac{\sin 50^\circ}{BC}$ $AC = 230 \frac{\sin 68^\circ}{\sin 62^\circ} \approx 241.5$ $BC = 230 \frac{\sin 50^\circ}{\sin 62^\circ} \approx 199.5$ | <p>14)</p>  <p><math>\angle C = 180^\circ - (23^\circ + 110^\circ) = 47^\circ</math></p> $\frac{\sin 47^\circ}{50} = \frac{\sin 110^\circ}{AC} = \frac{\sin 23^\circ}{BC}$ $AC = 50 \frac{\sin 110^\circ}{\sin 47^\circ} \approx 64.24$ $BC = 50 \frac{\sin 23^\circ}{\sin 47^\circ} \approx 26.71$ |

19)



$$\frac{\sin 110^\circ}{28} = \frac{\sin \angle B}{15}$$

$$\angle B = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{15 \sin 110^\circ}{28} \right) \approx 30.22^\circ$$

$$\angle C = 180^\circ - (110^\circ + 30.22^\circ) \approx 39.78^\circ$$

$$AB = \frac{28 \sin 39.78^\circ}{\sin 110^\circ} \approx 19.07$$

20) Note that this is an SSA problem

$$\frac{\sin 37^\circ}{30} = \frac{\sin \angle C}{40}$$

$$\angle C = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{40 \sin 37^\circ}{30} \right) \approx 53.36^\circ$$

$$\angle B = 180^\circ - (37^\circ + 53.36^\circ) \approx 89.64^\circ$$

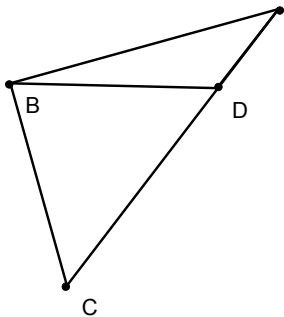
$$AC = \frac{30 \sin 89.64^\circ}{\sin 37^\circ} \approx 49.85$$

But  $\angle B$  can also be  $180^\circ - 53.36^\circ = 126.64^\circ$

$$\angle C = 180^\circ - (37^\circ + 126.64^\circ) = 16.36^\circ$$

$$AD = \frac{30 \sin 16.53^\circ}{\sin 37^\circ} \approx 14.04$$

Note: the angles and lengths below are inaccurate in the last decimal and the lengths are 1/10th the problems values



$$m\angle BAC = 37.00^\circ$$

$$m\angle ABC = 89.47^\circ$$

$$m\angle BCA = 53.53^\circ$$

$$m\overline{BA} = 4.00 \text{ cm}$$

$$m\overline{BC} = 2.99 \text{ cm}$$

$$m\overline{CA} = 4.97 \text{ cm}$$

$$m\angle DBA = 16.53^\circ$$

$$m\angle ADB = 126.47^\circ$$

$$m\overline{DA} = 1.41 \text{ cm}$$

## 6.6

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| <p>3)</p> $x^2 = 21^2 + 42^2 - 2 \cdot 21 \cdot 42 \cos 39^\circ$ $x = \sqrt{21^2 + 42^2 - 2 \cdot 21 \cdot 42 \cos 39^\circ} \approx 28.88$   | <p>4)</p> $x^2 = 15^2 + 18^2 - 2 \cdot 15 \cdot 18 \cos 108^\circ$ $x = \sqrt{15^2 + 18^2 - 2 \cdot 15 \cdot 18 \cos 108^\circ} \approx 26.76$   |
| <p>5)</p> $x^2 = 25^2 + 25^2 - 2 \cdot 25 \cdot 25 \cos 140^\circ$ $x = \sqrt{25^2 + 25^2 - 2 \cdot 25 \cdot 25 \cos 140^\circ} \approx 46.98$   | <p>11)</p> $AB = \sqrt{10^2 + 18^2 - 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 18 \cos 120^\circ} = \sqrt{424 + 180} = \sqrt{604} \approx 24.58$ $\frac{\sin 120^\circ}{\sqrt{604}} = \frac{\sin \angle A}{18}$ $\angle A = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{18 \sin 120^\circ}{\sqrt{604}} \right) \approx 39.37^\circ$ $\angle B = 180^\circ - (120^\circ + 39.37^\circ) \approx 20.63^\circ$ |
| <p>13)</p> $c = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2 - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cos 53^\circ} \approx 3.25$ $\frac{\sin 53^\circ}{3.25} = \frac{\sin \angle A}{3}$ $\angle A = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{3 \sin 53^\circ}{3.25} \right) \approx 47.49^\circ$ $\angle B = 180^\circ - (53^\circ + 47.49^\circ) \approx 79.51$   | <p>14)</p> $a = \sqrt{60^2 + 30^2 - 2 \cdot 60 \cdot 30 \cos 70^\circ} \approx 57.17$ $\frac{\sin 70^\circ}{57.17} = \frac{\sin \angle B}{60}$ $\angle B = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{60 \sin 70^\circ}{57.17} \right) \approx 80.47^\circ$ $\angle C = 180^\circ - (70^\circ + 80.47^\circ) \approx 49.53$  |
| <p>15)</p> $20^2 = 25^2 + 22^2 - 2 \cdot 25 \cdot 22 \cos \angle A$ $\angle A = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{20^2 - 25^2 - 22^2}{-2 \cdot 25 \cdot 22} \right) \approx 49.87^\circ$ $\angle B = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{25^2 - 20^2 - 22^2}{-2 \cdot 20 \cdot 22} \right) \approx 72.88^\circ$ $\angle B = 180^\circ - (49.87^\circ + 72.88^\circ) \approx 57.25^\circ$ | <p>25)</p> $\frac{\sin \theta}{138} = \frac{\sin 38^\circ}{110}$ $\theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{138 \sin 38^\circ}{110} \right) \approx 50.57^\circ$   |

## 7.1

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|---|---|
| 13)<br>$\frac{\sin x \sec x}{\tan x} = \frac{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} = 1$ | 14)<br>$\frac{\cos x \sec x}{\cot x} = \frac{\frac{\cos x}{\cos x}}{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x}} = 1 \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \tan x$  |
| 15)<br>$\frac{\sin t + \tan t}{\tan t} = \frac{\sin t}{\frac{\sin t}{\cos t}} + 1 = \cos t + 1$ | 16)<br>$\frac{1 + \cot A}{\csc A} = \frac{1 + \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}}{\frac{1}{\sin A}} = \frac{\sin A + \cos A}{\sin A} \cdot \frac{\sin A}{1} = \sin A + \cos A$                                       |
| 17)<br>$\cos^3 x + \sin^2 x \cos x = \cos x (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x) = \cos x$                     | 18)<br>$\sin^4 \alpha - \cos^4 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = (\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha)(\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) + \cos^2 \alpha = \sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \sin^2 \alpha$ |

37)

$$\cos(-x) - \sin(-x) = \cos(x) + \sin(x)$$

$$\cos(-x) = \cos(x) \rightarrow \text{even function property}$$

$$\sin(-x) = -\sin(x) \rightarrow \text{odd function property}$$

$$\cos(-x) - \sin(-x) = \cos(x) + \sin(x) \rightarrow \text{substitution}$$

$$\cos(x) + \sin(x) = \cos(x) - \sin(x) \rightarrow \text{additive inverse}$$

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| 39)<br>$\tan \theta + \cot \theta = \sec \theta \csc \theta$ $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} = \frac{1}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} = \sec \theta \csc \theta$     | 42)<br>$\frac{\cos x}{\sec x} + \frac{\sin x}{\csc x} = 1$ $\frac{\cos x}{\sec x} + \frac{\sin x}{\csc x} = \frac{\cos x}{1/\cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{1/\sin x} = \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$   |
| 50)<br>$\cot^2 t - \cos^2 t = (\cot^2 t)(\cos^2 t)$ $\cot^2 t - \cos^2 t = \frac{\cos^2 t}{\sin^2 t} - \cos^2 t = \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 t} - 1\right) \cos^2 t = \left(\frac{1 - \sin^2 t}{\sin^2 t}\right) \cos^2 t = \left(\frac{\cos^2 t}{\sin^2 t}\right) \cos^2 t = (\cot^2 t)(\cos^2 t)$ | 64)<br>$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sec x + \csc x} = \sin x \cos x$ $\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\sin x}} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x}} = (\sin x + \cos x) \frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} = \sin x \cos x$ |